



Korea: Opportunities and Challenges

The Agri-Food Sector



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www.ircconsultingkorea.com





IRC Consulting



A Korea focused Business Development Consultancy

- 40 years in Korea
- 6 experienced international consultants

Differentiators:

- Local insight
- Language ability
- Cultural knowledge
- Access to Korean market information & contacts
- Customized service
- Proven record of success for clients





Business Development Services



Market Entry & Expansion Services

→ Starting off on the right foot



Organizational Optimization

→ Aligning Korea operations with head office expectations



Representation

→ Permanent, part-time local contact point for foreign organizations



Clients











What do IRC clients look like?















Reckitt

Benckiser





Global Fortune 500 companies

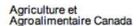
Technically specialized niche players

Government agencies & Associations

Medium-large multinationals





























Discussion Topics



- Korea's Historical and Cultural Background
- Korea's Economy
- Korea's Agri-Foods Sector and Opportunities
- Imports: Challenging yet Worthwhile Market
- Success Factors for Market Entry



Korea's Rapid Changes



My neighbourhood, 1982 to 2022







Korea's Historical and Cultural Background





Korea: A Brief History



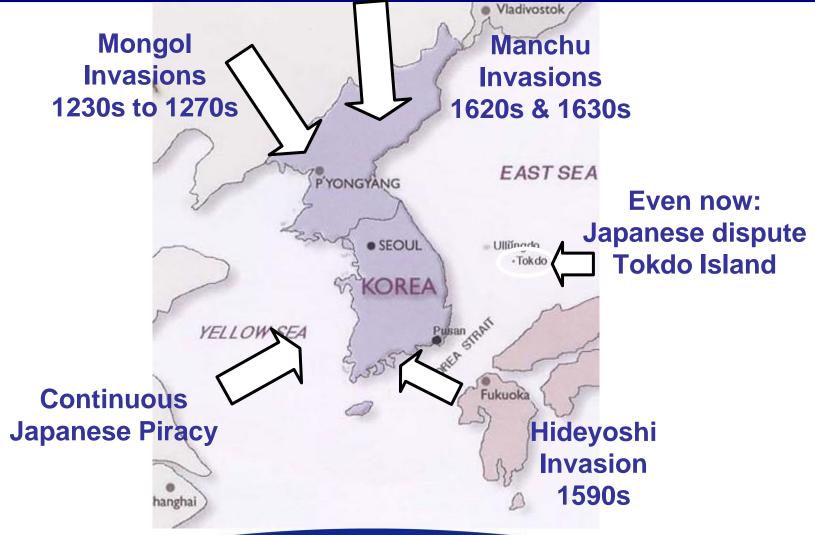
- Over 5,000 years of history
- 300 BCE Korea's Historical Begin
- 668 CE Silla unites Korea
- 1392-1910 The Joseon Dynasty





"A Shrimp Among Whales"







"The Hermit Kingdom"





Long history of repeated invasions and occupations

→ Korea reacted by shutting its doors to the outside world



Modern Korea



40 years of destructive turbulence

- 1910-1945 Japan
- 1945-1950 U.S. and Russia:
 - → The 38th parallel
- 1950-1953 Korean War
- 1953-present Divided Korea

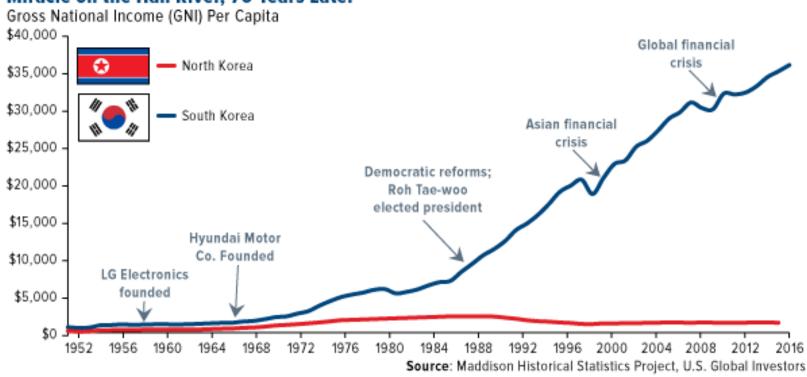




"The Miracle on the Han River"



Miracle on the Han River, 70 Years Later



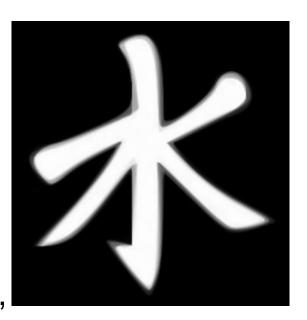
- GDP per capita increase from € 1,120 in 1978 to over € 28,000 today
- From aid recipient to aid donor in just 50 years



Ethical Foundation: Confucianism



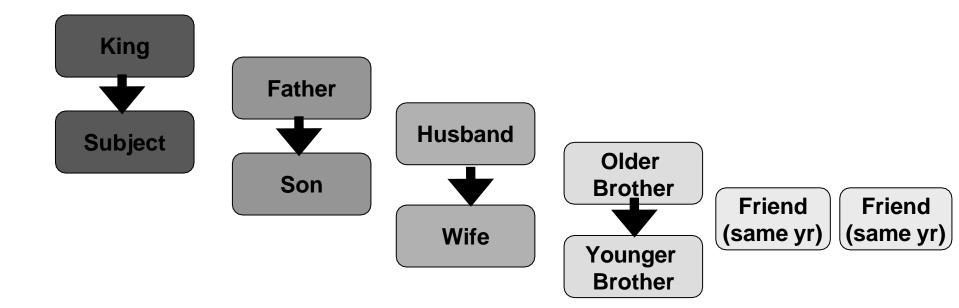
- A Chinese ethical and philosophical system
- Influenced Korea since 200 CE
- Institutionalized by the Joseon Dynasty in 1400 CE
- Emphasis on social harmony through correct relationships
- Places value on family, order, education, "face" or honor and reputation





Five Relationships





- Almost all relationships are hierarchical
- Age is the major differentiator, requiring deference
- Status is more important than all other factors



Status in All Relationships



- ●갑 / 을: Gap / Eul = Master / Servant
 - Vertical relationships: 'seniors' and 'juniors'
 - Employee to boss
 - Supplier to customer
 - Importance of Titles to confirm status
- → Emphasis on relationships plus the habit of giving status means Koreans depend on, and often excel at, provision of friendly and efficient service



Society is Changing



- Aging population + OECD's lowest birth rate
- Young people rejecting marriage
- Family unit weakening fewer children 'reverses' focus to young



- Environmental, global awareness increasing
- Confucianism giving way to individualism
- Shift from country and family to individual goals, needs, desires

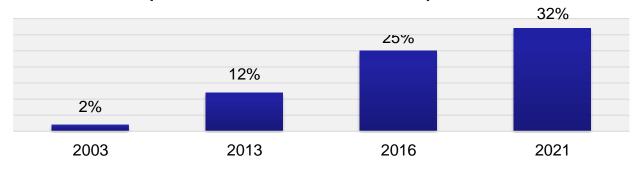


Business is Changing



- Young people seek out foreign firms, entrepreneurship
- Women's roles slowly growing
- Nationalistic purchasing patterns disappearing





- Hierarchy's hold weakening, increasing autonomy
- Work-life balance: Affluence means greater focus on quality of life







Korea's Economy: 2021

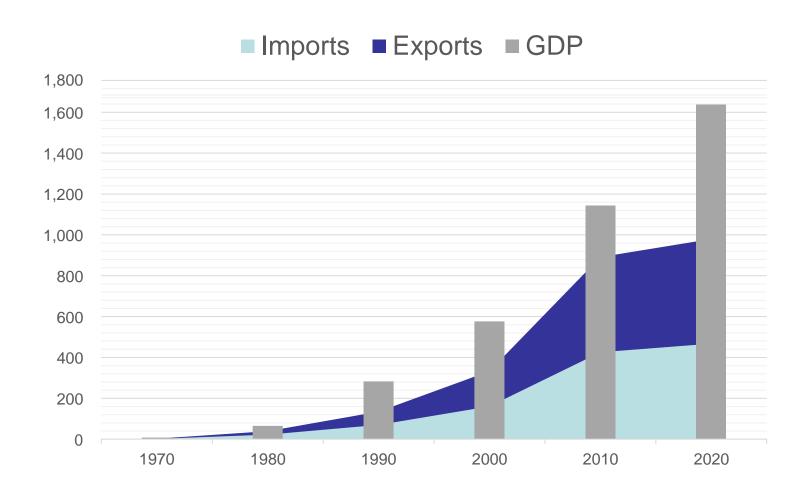


- GDP: € 1.7 billion (€ 30,282 per person)
 - Spain?
- Trade: € 1.2 trillion (> 64% of GDP)
 - Exports: € 612.4 billion
 - Imports: € 584 billion (30% energy)
 - China is #1 trade partner
- Population: appr. 52 million (growth almost zero)
 - Nearly 50% live in the area of Seoul, the capital
 - 82% live in urban areas
- Land area: appr. 100,000 km²
 - 70% mountainous, unsuitable for farming
 - High population density: 517 people per km²



A Trading Nation





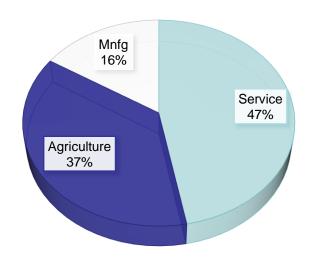
Source: Bank of Korea



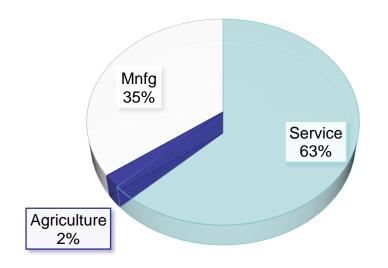
Economic Evolution



1960 - KOREAN ECONOMY



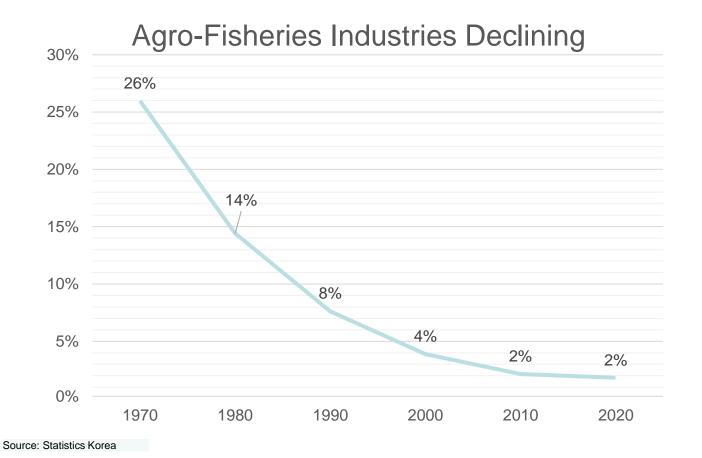
2020 - KOREAN ECONOMY





Agro-Fisheries Share of GDP

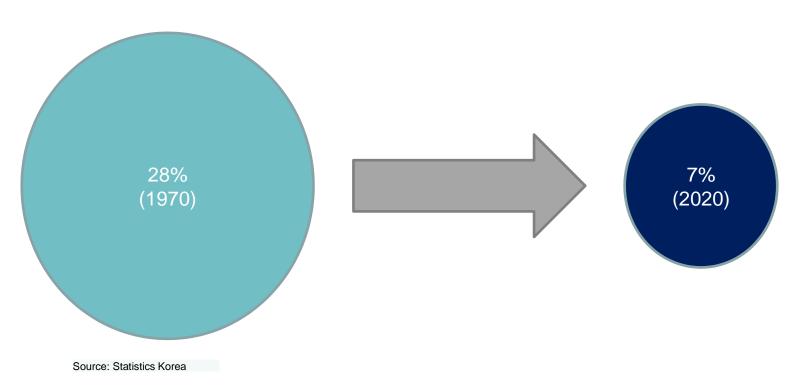






Agricultural Population





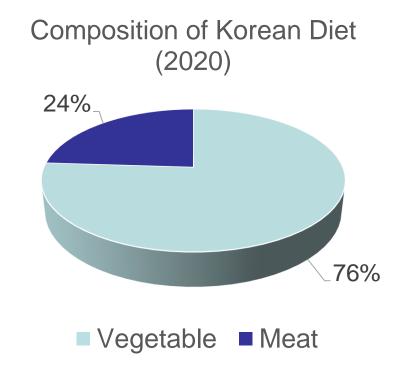
60% of agricultural population was over 60 by 2020



Korean Diet



Diet	Volume (Grams)
Grains	352.79
Vegetables	280.76
Fruits	145.04
Fish	158.19
Meat	126.2
Dairy	100.48
Others Sources KHIDI	353.5
Total	1163.46





Korea's Agri-Foods Sector and Opportunities

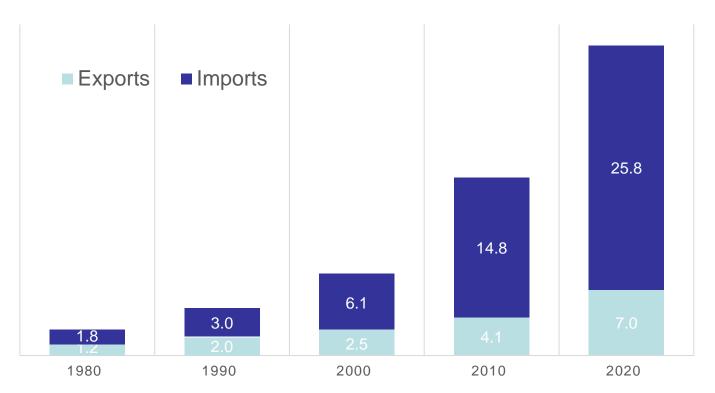




Food Trade



FOOD TRADE (UNIT: USD BILLION)

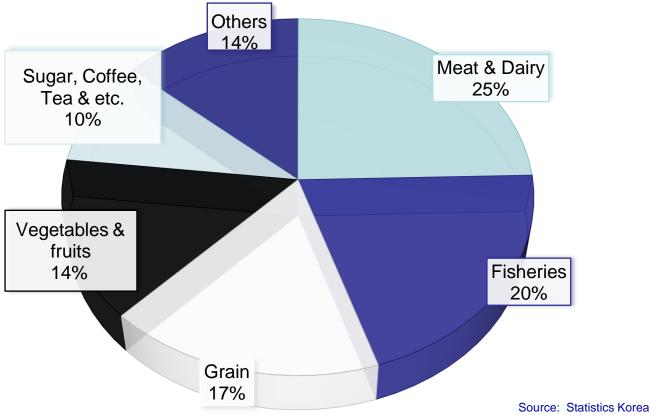


Growing dependence on food imports → 5% of total imports in 2020 Imports 50% of its food needs



Food Imports by Product





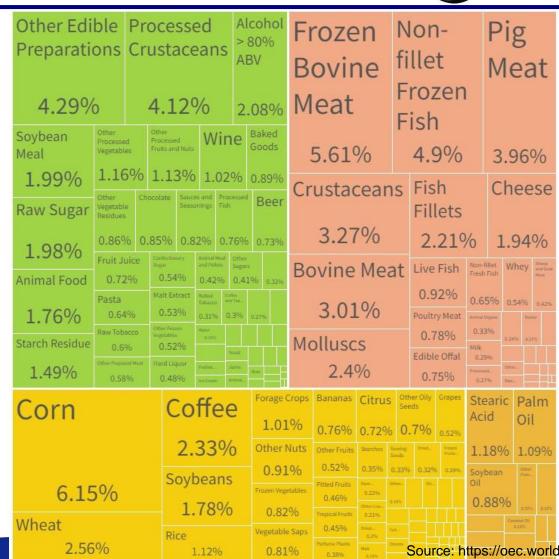
Meat, Grain & Fisheries: 62% of Food Imports
Korea's total food imports in 2020: USD 25.8 billion / € 24.5 billion



Select Korea Imports 2020



- Total Value: USD 39.2 billion (out of total imports of USD 446 billion)
- Products included:
 - Foodstuffs
 - Animal Products
 - · Vegetable Products
 - Animal & Vegetable By-Products

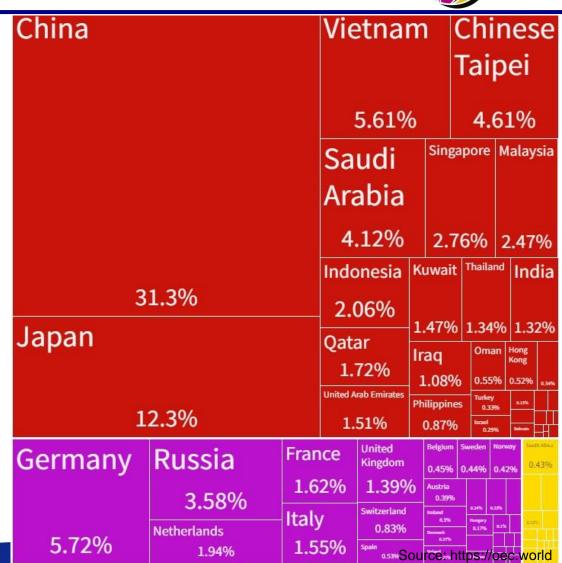




Select Korea Import Sources 2020



- Total: USD 35 billion (out of total imports of USD 446 billion)
- Regions Included: Asia, Europe, Africa
- Specific countries:
 - Vietnam 5.61%
 - France 1.62%
 - . Italy 1.55%
 - Spain 0.53%
 - Belgium 0.45%
 - Finland 0.23%
 - Slovakia: 0.14%
 - Ukraine 0.11%
 - Romania: 0.1%
 - Portugal 0.071%
 - Tunisia: 0.024%





Korea-EU Trade



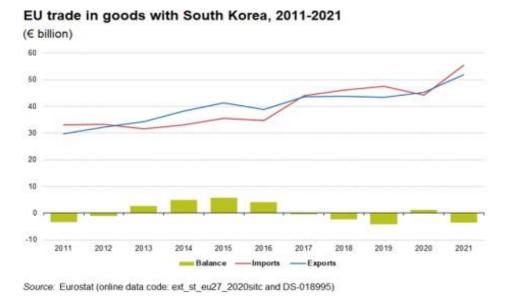
Korea-EU FTA – ratified in 2015

- Accessible: removed almost all customs duties
- Marked increase in trade since passage in 2011

€ 30 billion \rightarrow € 52 billion

EU exports to Korea

- 2020: over € 45 million
- Food made up appr. € 3 millio n
- South Korea is EU's 9th largest export destination
- EU is Korea's 3rd largest export destination





Import Country of Origin



Hierarchy of Country of Origin – Consumer Perceptions

- Home-grown & homemade "best taste & quality" most trusted
- Europe safe, clean, premium
- Australia / New Zealand clean, safe, natural
- Canada natural, clean, but image tainted by proximity to USA
- USA reliable, but US has too much GMO
- Southeast Asia questionable reliability
- China Major supplier out of necessity, but not preference due to frequent issues with food scandals
- Japan Out of favor due to politics and Fukushima

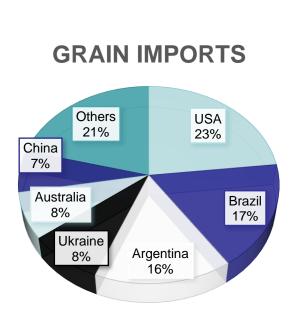
Country of Origin is so important that by law restaurants must post country of origin for major ingredients, such as meat, rice, and kimchi.

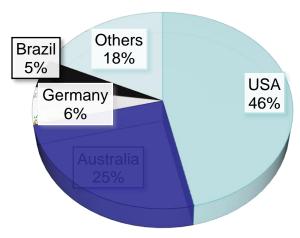


Suppliers of Food Products

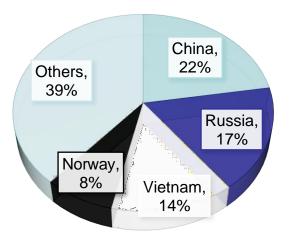


MEAT IMPORTS







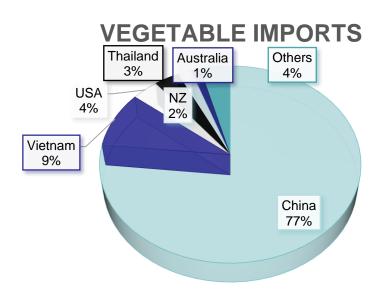


European countries are not yet significant suppliers of grain, meat or fisheries products

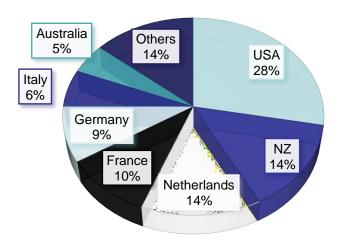


Suppliers of Food Products





DAIRY IMPORTS



Vegetables dominated by China European countries have a significant foothold in dairy product imports



Consumer Trends



- Shrinking household sizes, double income households increasing, plus "the pandemic effect"
 - Convenience, ready meals (HMR) KRW 2 trillion in 2020
 - Smaller portion sizes
 - Shopping for smaller quantities more frequently from hypermarket to CVS
- Highly influenced by social media → status, image
 - "Flash and Crash" sudden popularity that suddenly evaporates
 - Also reputation vulnerability online comments and reviews



Consumer Trends



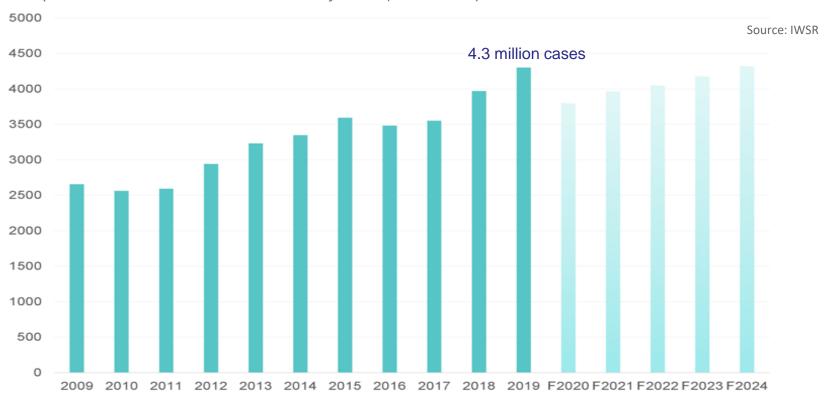
- Consumer interest in premium versions of existing products
 - Iberico pork: traditional cheap meat, but became an established "brand"
 - Status and image created sought-after product
 - Finnish yogurt: dairy not a staple, but returning Koreans wanted access to favored overseas brand and created demand
 - Also functional benefit of high protein
- New focus on health
 - Vegetarianism growing 2.5 million in 2021
 - Organic foods becoming popular: dairy, olive oil, baby products
 - Additives / preservatives shunned
 - Functional foods on the rise
- Premium + health trends together are changing alcohol sector
 - Beer market share decline → Wine and spirits share increase



Wine Forecast Continues Up



Still wine consumption volume in South Korea – historical and forecast ('000 9L cases)



Significant upside remains: in 2019, Kore's wine consumption rate was just 0.9 liters per person, compared to 25 liters in Australia and 12 liters in the USA.



Functional Foods



- Reflects increased health focus after pandemic
- Increased an average of 21.4% from 2018-2020
- 19,825 tons in 2020, 34% of which was imported
- Top 5 products in 2020 imports 59% of sector:
 - 1. Complex Nutrients multivitamins & minerals
 - 2. Fructooligosaccharides (FOS) plant-based sweeteners
 - 3. EPA and DHA containing Omega-3 oils
 - 4. Nutrient and Functional Complex Products fortified foods
 ➤ Jumped from 12th to 4th place 2019-2020
 - 5. Protein



Imports: Challenging yet Worthwhile Market





Consumer Shift Towards Imports



- Resistance to imports is declining
 - Korean consumers believe that local produce is best, but for many products they want, only imports are available
 - Declining rural ties: 2nd generation urbanites, personal connection with producer is weakening
- Trade barriers declining
 - FTAs with major trading partners: EU, Australia, Canada, US, China
 - Benefits of imports appreciated: cheaper, more choice
 - International experiences driving desire for new, innovative, and international cuisine
 - Covid left more time for experimentation, encouraged culinary "travel"



Consumer Concerns



Have shifted from "getting enough to eat" to:

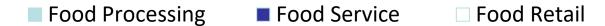
- Health "Well-being":
 - Weight reduction, Blood pressure, Diabetes
- Food Safety
 - Contamination / impurities (Fukushima, China)
 - GMO must be labeled, consumers avoid
 - Purity, production methods, 'use-by' dates
- Sensitivity to negative press, publicity

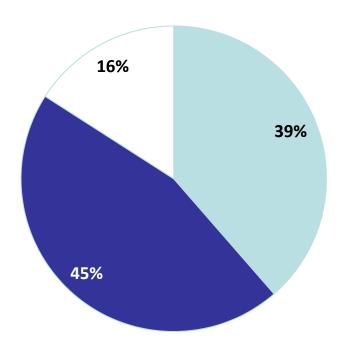


Import Channels



Food Industry



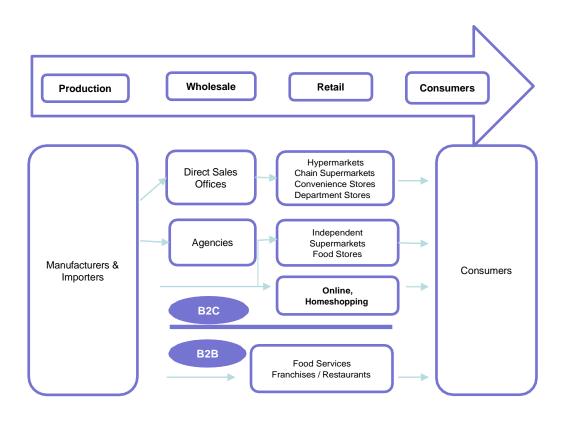


Source: Korea Agro-Fisheries & Food Trade Corporation



Import Channels





Source: aT, Korea Agro-Fisheries & Food Trade Corporation



Government Authority - Food Safety



- Main Authority: Ministry of Food and Drug Safety (MFDS formerly the KFDA)
 - Food, drugs and medical equipment Safety
 - ✓ Ingredients
 - ✓ Sanitation
 - ✓ Production equipment



- Recently upgraded from Agency to Ministry
- Other authorities include Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (MAFRA) and the Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency (APQA)



Tariffs



- Most tariffs now gone after joining WTO in 1995, signing FTAs with many countries
 - BUT received special consideration for certain agricultural products
 - 63 specific products still protected with very high tariffs: e.g., Oats, Honey
- Tariff Rate Quota system: A reduced tariff applied for a specific quota of imports on 63 products.
 - Either aT (Korea Agro-Fisheries & Food Trade Corporation) or relevant industry association (e.g., The Korea Dairy Industries Association) allocates the quota
 - aT estimates gap between production and demand for agricultural products, then imports products from lowest price supplier and stores them for distribution when prices rise. aT also sells import rights under WTO and FTA quotas to private companies, through public auction.



TRQ - Examples



- Sesame Seeds (HS code: 1207-40-0000)
- Basic tariff: 630% (or 6,660 KRW/kg)
- TRQ rate: 40%.
- Korea-China FTA: 0% for the first 24,000 tons per year, 630% or 6,660
 KRW/kg for over 24,000 tons
- Korea ASEAN FTA: 504% or 5,328 KRW/kg
- Mung beans (HS Code: 0713.31-9000)
- Basic Tariff: 607.5%.
- TRQ rate: 30%
- Red peppers:
- Basic tariff: 270% or 6,210 KRW/kg,
- TRQ: 50%





Plant Protection Act



- Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs has authority to designate countries from which specific fruits (including avocados, mangoes, limes, lemons, pomegranates and several other fruits) can be imported.
 - For example, Avocados can be imported only from Mexico, New Zealand, and the United States (excluding Hawaii, Texas, and Florida).
- Peru recently added to approved countries.
- The Peruvian government first asked for approval of avocado imports in 2013 when the Free Trade Agreement (FTA) with Korea was signed. It worked for six years to convince the Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency (APQA) to approve product from Peru. The APQA visited Peru and thoroughly examined avocado farms, balers and certification system of Peru in June 2018. After a six-year effort, imports from Peru were permitted on 28 September 2019.



Consumer Product Labeling



- Strict, and compliance is a prerequisite for customs clearance
- Labeling must be in Korean
- Basic Product Information Label is required for most food products and must include 27 points of information about the product
 - Product name
 - Type of food product
 - Importer and principal place of business
 - Manufacture date, expiration date or retention date
 - Names and quantities of ingredients
 - Country of origin due to tariff implications, this is a must
 - MAFRA, MOTIE, and Korea Customs Service websites have details on origin determination
 - Net contents (weight, volume, etc.)
 - Safety, nutrition, health information
 - Claims (eg., high in fiber, gluten-free, etc.)
 - Any mandatory consumer warnings (allergens)

Options:

- Print directly on label
- Add a sticker



Imported Food Label



< Example of Basic Product Information Label Format>

Product Name **Product Category** Importer Details Country of Origin Producer Date of Production **Expiration Date Total Contents & Energy** Ingredient List **Packaging Materials** Faulty Product Reporting Number Preservation Instructions Return & Exchange Instructions Production Facility Allergen Alert

Serving Suggestion Alert

Recycling Label

제품명	핀크리스프 갈릭 크리스프브레드 (통호밀분말57%, 마늘1.9% 함유)		
식품유형	과자		
수입판매업소	(주)스칸딕프라자 T.02-856-8700 서울특별시 구로구 디지털로30길 28, 1307호 (구로동, 마리오타워)		
원산지	핀란드		
제조업소	Lantmännen Cerealia Oy		
제조일자	제품 측면에 별도표기 (읽는법:일,월,년 순)		
유통기한	제품 측면에 별도표기일까지 (읽는법:일,월,년 순)		
내용량	175 g (620 kcal)		
원재료명	통호밀분말 57%, 밀가루(소맥분) 35%, 정제수, 마늘1,9%,정제소금, 효모,양파,파슬리		
포장재질	내포장-폴리프로필렌, 외포장-종이		
● 부정 · 불년	량식품 신고는 국번 없이 1399		
● 보관방법	: 직사광선 및 습기 찬 곳을 피하여 건조하고 <mark>서늘한 곳에 보관하세요</mark> 개봉 후 빨리 드시기 바랍니다.		
● 반품 및 교	l환:수입판매원 및 구입처		
● 본 제품은 참	r깨,보리,귀리를 사용한 제품과 같은 제조시설에서 제조하므로 혼입될수 있습니다.		
● 본 제품포	장의 앞.뒤면에 사진은 조리의 예입니다.		

Allergen

Source: Korea Ministry of Food & Drug Safety

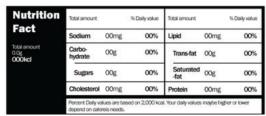
<Examples of Nutrition Label Format>

Nutriti Fact	Total amount 0.0g OOOkcl % Daily value	
Total amount		
Sodium	00mg	00%
Crabo- hydrate	00g	00%
Sugars	00g	
Lipid	00g	00%
Trans-fat	00g	
Saturated -fat	00g	00%
Cholesterol	00mg	00%
Protein	00g	00%

Nutriti Fact	on	Total amount 0.0g 000kcl	
Total amount		% Daily value	
Sodium	00mg	00%	
Crabo- hydrate	00g	00%	
Sugars	00g		
Lipid	00g	00%	
Trans-fat	00g		
Saturated -fat	00g	00%	
Cholesterol	00mg	00%	
Protein	00g	00%	

ower depend on caloreis needs.

Lipids Trans-fat Sarurated Cholesterol Protein 00% 00% 00% 00% 00% 00% 00mg 00g 00g





Special Notes on Labeling



- Some products require specific font and label sizes
- Functional Foods: Different labeling requirements apply
 - E.g., noting that product is not for medicinal use or disease prevention
 - Must bear specific Functional Foods identifying mark
- Organic: EU and US have equivalence agreements for organic labeling with Korea for processed foods
 - For non-processed, must separately apply for Korea organic certification







 Gluten-free: Specific requirements on contents for that marking, but no logo is required



Import Process

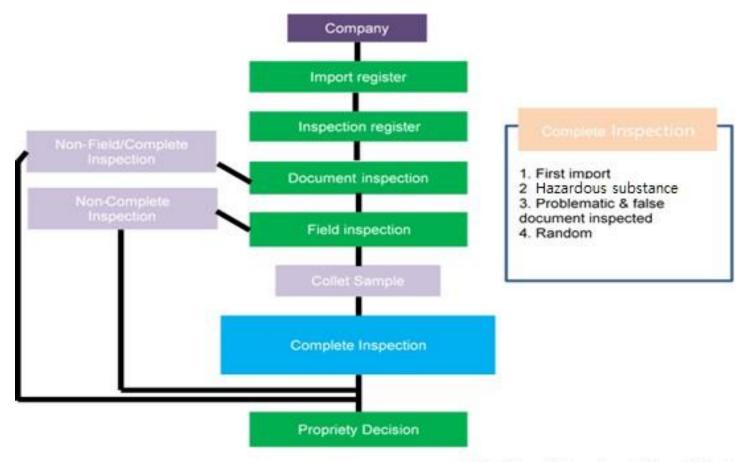


- Before export, to be completed:
 - Origin Declaration, esp for countries with agreements affecting tariff rates
 - Registration of manufacturing facility with Korea's MFDS
 - 7 days before first export, renew every 2 years
 - Can be done online by exporter or by Korean importer
 - Includes consent to onsite inspection if MFDS deems necessary, to check safety and sanitation management of food manufacturer
 - Livestock and Dairy products require separate registration with the Ministry of Agriculture, Food, and Rural Affairs (MAFRA)
 - Preparations to
 - Confirm compliance for product ingredients, product category and exact tariffs, any additives & pesticides used, and required documentation
 - Undergo a complete product inspection on first import, including extra time and possible testing costs



Import Process





*Ministry of Food and Drug Safety



The Import Partner



- Find a good partner: It is the importer's responsibility to manage the import process, not the exporter.
- The Importer is responsible for handling
 - Customs / tariffs
 - Quarantine / inspections
 - Physical movement of goods from port of arrival
- Be a good partner: The exporter can make the importer's life easier by carefully and meticulously preparing documentation, test results, etc.

Your partner is dealing with the Korean bureaucracy. When he asks for information, documents, samples, he is trying to manage the local bureaucrats. Keep in mind the importer is your conduit to the market: an ally, not a foe or competitor.



Product Launch



- Consider impact of product packaging on target customer
 - Localization? Labels?
 - Eye appeal: Koreans are very sensitive to product packaging appearance
 - Environmental concerns: Koreans pay for waste disposal by volume, while postconsumer recycling is free
- Choose entry strategy
 - Importer
 - Most common, handles many aspects of the process
 - Many retailers prefer dealing with importers
 - Option to access more than one sales channel
 - Commission increases prices
 - Direct Import
 - Direct import by retailer, no third parties in between
 - May be only selected products, usually after market test
 - Great access, but limited to the selected sales channel
 - Online Direct Purchase
 - Requires own efforts for marketing and product awareness
 - High delivery fees
 - Some products ineligible



Logistics



Incheon:

Primary airport

Gyeong-gi Province

 Location of most warehouses

Korea has well-established distribution services:

- 3PL
- Chilled & frozen distribution
- Chilled & frozen warehouses



Rail:

 Intermodal Container Transport

Busan:

- 4th largest seaport globally
- Primary port of import



Success Factors for Market Entry





Business is Challenging



- Different Business Culture
 - Language (not just different but also vague)
 - Priorities
 - Values
- Market entry takes time and effort
 - Important to be committed not for dabbling
- Demanding market
 - High standards
 - Sensitive, savvy consumers
 - Speed



Key Success Factors



- Differentiate yourself
 - Product quality, features, image
 - Company commitment to Korea market
 - Reputation, popularity in home country
 - Fit with consumer trends and interests
- Responsive service is key
 - Extras at no extra cost make people reach for your products
 - Free and fast after-sales service positive online reviews
- Speedy yet careful delivery
- Price

More reasons your import partner is the key relationship!



Tips



Communication

- Rely on written communication follow up calls with email
- Respond quickly
- Verify messages received & understood
- Adjust speed and level of English to your audience
- Verify understanding "yes" doesn't mean "I understand"

Meetings

- Business Cards, be aware of rank
- Small talk first it's about relationship
- Listen. English skills may be weak. Reconfirm / rephrase important points when in doubt. Be patient.
- Follow up in writing on key points



Invest in Relationships



- Visit Korea regularly to know market and partners
- Invest time with people more than elsewhere
- Be honest and reliable, patient and persistent
- Give a little without thought of compensation or revenue
- Demonstrate interest in Korea and things Korean
- Language: learn a few Korean phrases



Korea: A Worthwhile Market



- Democratic, stable, growing middle class
- High volume of food imports, no change in sight
- Consumers w high disposable income, willing to spend on quality
- Access to entire country through one partner
- Internationalization means opportunities: developing food trends
- New focus on healthy & safe foods
- Positive reputation to build on for many countries
- Relatively untapped market to build brand following
- Rising online F&B purchasing makes exploration easier
- Importer partner role in getting through processes



Thank you



- Market Access
- Wagralim
- F2F Health Matters

F2F

HEALTH MATTERS









prk@ircconsulting korea.com



